6.0 Cumulative Effects

6.1 Overview

2

25

- 3 Cumulative effects include the effects of future State, tribal, local, or private actions that are
- 4 reasonably certain to occur in the action area considered in this BA. Future Federal actions that are
- 5 unrelated to the Project are not considered in this section because they require separate consultation
- 6 pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA).
- 7 Non-Federal actions that are reasonably certain to occur in the Action Area include: (1) ongoing
- 8 non-Federal water diversions for irrigated agriculture and managed wetlands; (2) State and/or local
- 9 levee maintenance activities; (3) stormwater and/or irrigation discharges; (4) point and non-point
- source pollution; (5) oil and gas produce discharges; (6) invasive species introductions; and, (7)
- 11 climate change.
- Planning efforts such as the Bay Delta Conservation Plan and the Governor's Delta Vision process
- are anticipated to have both adverse and beneficial effects to listed species and designated critical as
- a result of planned actions. However, the effects are anticipated in the long-term and are not likely to
- occur within the 5-year time frame of the 2-Gates Project. In addition, these efforts are expected to
- have a federal nexus and will be the subject of future State and Federal ESA consultations.

17 6.2 Non-Federal Water Diversions

- 18 There are a number of unscreened non-Federal water diversions within the Action Area. Depending
- on the size, location, and period of operation, these unscreened diversions are believed to entrain
- various life stages of aquatic species, including listed salmonids and delta smelt. Although, the
- results of a study conducted by Nobriga M.L. et al.-(2004), suggest that entrainment of very many
- delta smelt is not likely. In general, the littoral location and low-flow operational characteristics of
- 23 these diversions are thought to reduce the risk of entraining delta smelt. Similar information is not
- 24 currently available for salmonids.

6.3 State and Local Levee Maintenance Activities

- 26 State and local entities within the action area are expected to continue levee maintenance activities
- 27 as identified by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and established operation and maintenance
- 28 manuals. The study areas on Bacon Island and Mandeville Island are actively farmed, and land
- 29 surrounding the agricultural fields is regularly disked. Portions of Holland Tract are under
- cultivation; but in the study area, the fields are fallow. Adjacent fields on Holland Tract were utilized
- as rangeland for cattle at the time of the field visit. Maintenance dredging occurs in the agricultural

- ditches on all islands. The alternate storage site on Holland Tract was grazed by cattle at the time of
- 2 the site visit.

11

- 3 Most of the land bordering the study areas is farmland, rangeland, and open space. There are several
- 4 unused structures (old farmhouses) located on Bacon Island in the Old River location; a large barn is
- 5 located on Holland Tract. There is a structure visible on aerial photography at Mandeville Island
- 6 near the access bridge.
- 7 Levees have been constructed along both banks of Old River and Connection Slough. The roads on
- 8 the Old River levees are private. The road on the Bacon Island side of Connection Slough is public,
- 9 while the road on Mandeville Island is private. Periodic levee maintenance includes the control of
- vegetation and repairs of the riprap above the waterline.

6.4 Stormwater and Irrigation Discharges

- Adverse effects to designated critical habitat for delta smelt, Central Valley (CV) spring-run
- 13 Chinook salmon and CV steelhead, and proposed critical habitat for the southern distinct population
- segments (DPSs) of North American Green Sturgeon may result from stormwater and/or irrigation
- discharges which change the balance of important habitat constituents (i.e. salinity, turbidity, water
- temperature, etc.) within the action area.

17 6.5 Point and Non-Point Source Pollution

- Adverse effects to designated critical habitat for delta smelt, CV spring-run Chinook salmon and CV
- steelhead, and proposed critical habitat for the southern DPSs of North American Green Sturgeon
- 20 may result from stormwater and/or irrigation discharges which change the balance of important
- 21 habitat constituents (i.e. salinity, turbidity, and water temperature, etc.) within the action area.

22 6.6 Oil and Gas Product Discharges

- 23 The introduction of contaminants from oil and gasoline product discharges as a result of on-going
- commercial and private shipping and boating within the action area is expected to continue.
- 25 Implicated as potential stressors to aquatic species, these contaminants may adversely affect
- 26 reproductive success and/or survival.

6.7 Invasive Species

- 28 Invasive species introductions are also expected to continue although it is difficult to predict the
- 29 types of species introduced and the magnitude of the effects. Adverse effects from these
- introductions may include changes in water quality (i.e. turbidity), reductions in food supply,
- 31 competition for space, and predation.

27

6.8 Climate Change

1

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- 2 Global warming and climate change is an issue that has become more prominent over the past
- decade and one that certainly warrants consideration in the long-run. It has been predicted that global
- 4 warming will increase Central Valley ambient air temperatures by 2°C to 7°C by the end of this
- 5 century. Such an increase is anticipated to have a profound effect on Central Valley run-off and local
- 6 hydrology. Within the Delta, anticipated effects are expected to include changes in seasonal flow
- 7 patterns and increased water levels (as a result of general sea level rise). While difficult to predict, it
- 8 is anticipated that such events will affect the distribution, and possible even the abundance, of many
- 9 aquatic species currently occupying the Delta seasonally or year round.

SECTION 6 CUMULATIVE AFFECTS

NOT FOR PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION-FOR INTERNAL REVIEW ONLY

12	This Page Intentionally Left Blank
11	
10	
9	
8	
7	
6	
5	
4	
3	
2	
1	